

Instruction Naming Conventions:

The mnemonics assigned to the instructions are designed to indicate the function of the instruction. The instructions fall into the following functional categories:

Data Transfer Group:

The data transfer instructions move data between registers or between memory and registers.

MOV	Move
MVI	Move Immediate
LDA	Load Accumulator Directly from Memory
STA	Store Accumulator Directly in Memory
LHLD	Load H & L Registers Directly from Memory
SHLD	Store H & L Registers Directly in Memory

An 'X' in the name of a data transfer instruction implies that it deals with a register pair (16-bits);

LXI	Load Register Pair with Immediate data
LDAX	Load Accumulator from Address in Register Pair
STAX	Store Accumulator in Address in Register Pair
XCHG	Exchange H & L with D & E
XTHL	Exchange Top of Stack with H & L

Arithmetic Group:

The arithmetic instructions add, subtract, increment, or decrement data in registers or memory.

ADD	Add to Accumulator
ADI	Add Immediate Data to Accumulator
ADC	Add to Accumulator Using Carry Flag
ACI	Add Immediate data to Accumulator Using Carry
SUB	Subtract from Accumulator
SUI	Subtract Immediate Data from Accumulator
SBB	Subtract from Accumulator Using Borrow (Carry) Flag
SBI	Subtract Immediate from Accumulator Using Borrow (Carry) Flag
INR	Increment Specified Byte by One
DCR	Decrement Specified Byte by One
INX	Increment Register Pair by One
DCX	Decrement Register Pair by One
DAD	Double Register Add; Add Content of Register Pair to H & L Register Pair

Logical Group:

This group performs logical (Boolean) operations on data in registers and memory and on condition flags.

The logical AND, OR, and Exclusive OR instructions enable you to set specific bits in the accumulator ON or OFF.

ANA	Logical AND with Accumulator
ANI	Logical AND with Accumulator Using Immediate Data
ORA	Logical OR with Accumulator
OR	Logical OR with Accumulator Using Immediate Data
XRA	Exclusive Logical OR with Accumulator
XRI	Exclusive OR Using Immediate Data

The **Compare instructions** compare the content of an 8-bit value with the contents of the accumulator;

CMP	Compare
CPI	Compare Using Immediate Data

The rotate instructions shift the contents of the accumulator one bit position to the left or right:

RLC	Rotate Accumulator Left
RRC	Rotate Accumulator Right
RAL	Rotate Left Through Carry
RAR	Rotate Right Through Carry

Complement and carry flag instructions:

CMA	Complement Accumulator
CMC	Complement Carry Flag
STC	Set Carry Flag

Branch Group:

The branching instructions alter normal sequential program flow, either unconditionally or conditionally. The unconditional branching instructions are as follows:

JMP	Jump
CALL	Call
RET	Return

Conditional branching instructions examine the status of one of four condition flags to determine whether the specified branch is to be executed. The conditions that may be specified are as follows:

NZ	Not Zero (Z = 0)
Z	Zero (Z = 1)
NC	No Carry (C = 0)

C	Carry (C = 1)	
PO	Parity Odd (P	= 0)
PE	Parity Even (P	= 1)
P	Plus (S = 0)	
M	Minus (S = 1)	

Thus, the **conditional branching instructions** are specified as follows:

Jumps	Calls	Returns	
C	CC	RC	(Carry)
INC	CNC	RNC	(No Carry)
JZ	CZ	RZ	(Zero)
JNZ	CNZ	RNZ	(Not Zero)
JP	CP	RP	(Plus)
JM	CM	RM	(Minus)
JPE	CPE	RPE	(Parity Even)
JPO	CPO	RPO	(Parity Odd)

Two other instructions can affect a branch by replacing the contents or the program counter:

PCHL	Move H & L to Program Counter
RST	Special Restart Instruction Used with Interrupts

Stack I/O, and Machine Control Instructions:

The following instructions affect the Stack and/or Stack Pointer:

PUSH	Push Two bytes of Data onto the Stack
POP	Pop Two Bytes of Data off the Stack
XTHL	Exchange Top of Stack with H & L
SPHL	Move content of H & L to Stack Pointer

The I/O instructions are as follows:

IN	Initiate Input Operation
OUT	Initiate Output Operation

The Machine Control instructions are as follows:

EI	Enable Interrupt System
DI	Disable Interrupt System
HLT	Halt
NOP	No Operation